<!DOCTYPE html>

<html>

    <head>

        <link rel="stylesheet" href="inline,intern,extern.css">

        <!-- INTERNAL ELEMENT -->

        <style>

        body { background-color: grey;}

        h1 { color:coral;}

        </style>

    </head>

    <body>

        <h1>Life Cycle Of Butterfly:</h1>

        <!-- INLINE ELEMENT -->

        <p style="color:brown;">Butterflies in their adult stage can live from a week to nearly a year depending on the species. Many species have long larval life stages while others can remain dormant in their pupal or egg stages and thereby survive winters.The Melissa Arctic (Oeneis melissa) overwinters twice as a caterpillar.Butterflies may have one or more broods per year. The number of generations per year varies from temperate to tropical regions with tropical regions showing a trend towards multivoltinism.</p>

        <img src="C:\Users\Admin\Downloads\Butterfly\_life\_cycle\_diagram\_in\_English.svg" width="200" height="150" alt="Life Cycle Of Butterfly">

        <p style="color:violet;">Courtship is often aerial and often involves pheromones. Butterflies then land on the ground or on a perch to mate.Copulation takes place tail-to-tail and may last from minutes to hours. Simple photoreceptor cells located at the genitals are important for this and other adult behaviours.The male passes a spermatophore to the female; to reduce sperm competition, he may cover her with his scent, or in some species such as the Apollos (Parnassius) plugs her genital opening to prevent her from mating again.</p>

        <h2>EGGS:</h2>

        <p style="color:aqua;">Butterfly eggs are protected by a hard-ridged outer layer of shell, called the chorion. This is lined with a thin coating of wax which prevents the egg from drying out before the larva has had time to fully develop. Each egg contains a number of tiny funnel-shaped openings at one end, called micropyles; the purpose of these holes is to allow sperm to enter and fertilize the egg. Butterfly eggs vary greatly in size and shape between species, but are usually upright and finely sculptured. Some species lay eggs singly, others in batches. Many females produce between one hundred and two hundred eggs.</p>

        <img src="C:\Users\Admin\Downloads\2012-06-27\_Aporia\_crataegi\_eggs\_Malus\_domestica.jpg" width="150" height="auto">

    </body>

</html>

h2 {

   font-style: bold;

   color: darkseagreen;

}

**OUTPUT:**

# C:\Users\Admin\Pictures\Screenshots\Screenshot (75).png